Apprehending Persons – Resources

Summary

*Persons can only be apprehended in cases of imminent threat of violence against the company, its personnel or others, or following attacks or crimes against the company, its personnel, its clients or the properties under its protection.*

The Code

34. Signatory Companies will, and will require their Personnel to, not take or hold any persons except when apprehending persons to defend themselves or others against an imminent threat of violence, or following an attack or crime committed by such persons against Company Personnel, or against clients or property under their protection, pending the handover of such detained persons to the Competent Authority at the earliest opportunity. Any such apprehension must be consistent with applicable national or international law and be reported to the Client without delay. Signatory Companies will, and will require that their Personnel to, treat all apprehended persons humanely and consistent with their status and protections under applicable human rights law or international humanitarian law, including in particular prohibitions on torture or other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.
Resources

1. Body of Principles for the Protection of All Persons under Any Form of Detention or Imprisonment - OHCHR

2. The right to liberty and security of the person: a guide to the implementation of Article 5 of the European Convention on Human Rights - Council of Europe

3. PSC.1-2012 (R-2017): Management System for Quality of Private Security Company Operations – Requirements with Guidance (PSC.1), section 9.5.4 AND 9.5.5 - ANSI/ASIS


5. 2017 Commentary to the Geneva Convention (II) for the Amelioration of the Condition of Wounded, Sick and Shipwrecked Members of Armed Forces at Sea, Article 3, paragraph F, subparagraph 1 (572-586), and paragraph H (739-750) – ICRC